

DATA SHEET

ZCABLES: ZFTCSRC0850A1xx

10Gb/s SFP+ Short Wavelength (850nm) Transceiver

ZFTCSRC0850A1xx Overview

ZCables' ZFTCSRC0850A1xx SFP optical transceivers are based on 10G Ethernet IEEE 802.3ae standard and SFF-8431 standard, providing a fast and reliable interface for 10G Ethernet applications. The product implements digital diagnostics via a 2-wire serial bus ,compliant with the SFF-8472 standard.

Product Features

- Supports from 9.83 Gb/s to 11.3 Gb/s bit rates
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae 10GBASE-SR/SW
- Compliant with SFF-8431
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- 850nm VCSEL laser transmitter
- Duplex LC connector
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- Up to 300m on OM3 MMF
- Low power consumption (Module work consumption <1W)
- Single power supply 3.3V
- RoHS Compliant
- Class 1 laser product complies with EN 60825-1
- Operating temperature range (Case Temperature):
 - C Grade 0°C to 70°C
 - E Grade -5°C to 85°C
 - I Grade -40°C to 85°C



Applications

- 10GBASE-SR/SW Ethernet
- 10G Fibre Channel
- 10G CPRI

Ordering Information

Part Number	Description	Color on Clasp
ZFTCSRC0850A1xx	10GBASE-SR SFP+ 850nm LC 300m on MMF, with DOM function, Commercial Temperature	black
For More Information: ZCables https://zcables.com support.tw@zcables.com		

General Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Data Rate	DR	9.83	10.3125	11.3	Gb/s	1
Bit Error Rate	BER			10^{-12}		
Operating Temperature	T_C	0		70	°C	3
		-5		85	°C	3
		-40		85	°C	3
Storage Temperature	T_{STO}	-40		85	°C	3
Supply Current	I_{CC}		180	290	mA	4
Input Voltage	V_{CC}	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Maximum Voltage	V_{MAX}	-0.5		4	V	4

Notes:

1. IEEE 802.3ae
2. Case temperature
3. Ambient temperature
4. For electrical power interface

Link Distances

Data Rate	Fiber Type	Modal Bandwidth @850nm (MHz-km)	Distance Range (m)
9.83 - 11.3 Gb/s	62.5/125umMMF	160	26
9.83 - 11.3 Gb/s	62.5/125umMMF	200	33
9.83 - 11.3 Gb/s	50/125umMMF	400	66
9.83 - 11.3 Gb/s	50/125umMMF	500	82
9.83 - 11.3 Gb/s	50/125umMMF	2000	300

Optical – Characteristics – Transmitter

$V_{CC}=3.14V$ to $3.46V$, T_C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Output Optical Power	P_{TX}	-7		-1	dBm	1
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_c	840		860	nm	
Optical Modulation Amplitude	OMA		-1.5		dBm	2
Extinction Ratio	ER	3	5.5		dB	
Spectral Width (RMS)	$\Delta\lambda$			0.45	nm	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Transmitter Dispersion Penalty	TDP			3.9	dB	
Transmitter Jitter						3
Launch Power of OFF Transmitter	P_{OUT_OFF}			-30	dBm	1

Notes:

1. Average
2. IEEE 802.3ae
3. According to IEEE 802.3ae requirement

Optical – Characteristics – Receiver

$V_{CC}=3.14V$ to $3.46V$, T_C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_C	840		860	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity @ 10.3Gb/s	R_{X_SEN}			-10	dBm	1
Receiver Overload	P_{OL}	0.5			dBm	
Receiver Reflectance	TR_{RX}			-12	dB	
LOS Assert	LOS_A	-30			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOS_D			-14	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOS_H	0.5			dB	

Notes:

1. Measured with worst ER; BER < 10^{-12} ; $2^{31}-1$ PRBS

Electrical – Characteristics – Transmitter

$V_{CC}=3.14V$ to $3.46V$, T_C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Input differential impedance	R_{IN}		100		Ω	
Differential data input swing	V_{IN_PP}	180		700	mV	
Transmit disable voltage	V_D	2		V_{CC}	V	
Transmit enable voltage	V_{EN}	V_{EE}		$V_{EE}+0.8$	V	

Electrical – Characteristics – Receiver

$V_{CC}=3.14V$ to $3.46V$, T_C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remarks
Differential data output swing	V_{OUT_PP}	300		850	mV	
Data output rise/fall time (20%-80%)	t_r/t_f	28			ps	
LOS Assert	V_{LOS_A}	2		V_{CC_HOST}	V	
LOS De-Assert	V_{LOS_D}	V_{EE}		$V_{EE}+0.5$	V	

A0H Register Description

IIC Addr	Size	Name	Description	Values(HEX)
0	1	Identifier	SFP+	03
1	1	Extended Identifier	Use IIC interface	04
2	1	Connector	Connector Type = LC	07
3-10	8	Transceiver	10G Base SR	10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
11	1	Encoding	Encoding Type = NRZ	03
12	1	BR, Nominal	Nominal Bit Rate 10.3Gb/s	67
13	1	Rate Identifier	Without rate selection function	00
14	1	Length(9μm)-km	Link Length / SMF = N/A	00
15	1	Length (9μm)-100m	Link Length / SMF = N/A	00
16	1	Length (50μm)-10m	50μm MMF Link Length = 80m	08
17	1	Length (62.5μm)-10m	62.5μm MMF Link Length = 20m	02
18	1	Length (Copper)	Copper Link Length = N/A	00
19	1	Length (50μm)-10m	50μm MMF Link Length = 300m	1E
20-35	16	Vendor name	ZCables	ASCII Format
36	1	Transceiver	Reserved	00
37-39	3	Vendor OUI	Without vendor OUI	00 00 00
40-55	16	Vendor PN	Part number in the Ordering Information	Programmed by Factory
56-59	4	Vendor Revision Number	Manufacturer product version number	Programmed by Factory
60-61	2	Wavelength	Laser Wavelength	03 52
62	1	Reserved	Reserved	00
63	1	CC_BASE	Checksum of bytes 0-62	Programmed by Factory
64-65	2	Transceiver Options	1.Tx_DIS 2.Rx_LOS 3.Tx_FAULT	00 1A
66	1	BR, max	NA	00
67	1	BR, min	NA	00
68-83	16	Vendor SN	Manufacturer serial number	Programmed by Factory
84-91	8	Date code	Date code	Programmed by Factory
92	1	Monitoring Type	Internal calibration of DOM RxPower measurement using average optical power	68
93	1	Enhanced Options	1.Monitor Alarm and Warning of TxPower and RxPower 2.Tx_DIS Monitor and Control 3.Rx_LOS Monitor 4.Tx_FAULT Monitor	F0
94	1	Compliance	Revision Implemented	08
95	1	CC_EXT	Check sum of bytes 64-94	Programmed by Factory
96-127	32	Vendor Specific	Vendor Specific Area	Programmed by Factory
128-255	128	Vendor Specific	Vendor Specific Area	Programmed by Factory

Digital Diagnostic Functions

ZFTCSRC0850A1xx supports the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in SFF-8472. Digital diagnostic information is accessible over the 2-wire interface at the address 0xA2. Digital diagnostics for ZFTCSRC0850A1xx are internally calibrated by default. The internal micro control unit accesses the device operating parameters in real time, Such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. The module implements the alarm function of the SFF-8472, alerts the user when a particular operating parameter exceeds the factory-set normal range.

DDM Threshold Information

Parameter		Alarm Threshold		Warning Threshold	
		High Value	Low Value	High Value	Low Value
Temperature (°C)	C	90 (5A 00)	-10 (F6 00)	85 (55 00)	-5 (FB 00)
	E	90 (5A 00)	-10 (F6 00)	85 (55 00)	-5 (FB 00)
	I	90 (5A 00)	-45 (D3 00)	85 (55 00)	-40 (D8 00)
Vcc (V)		3.63(8D CC)	2.97 (74 04)	3.46 (87 28)	3.13 (7A 44)
Bias (mA)		15 (1D 4C)	1 (01 F4)	12 (17 70)	2 (03 E8)
TxPower (dBm)		0.79 (2E E0)	-7.97 (06 3C)	0.0 (27 10)	-7.0 (07 CB)
RxPower (dBm)		3.01 (4E 20)	-16.02 (00 FA)	0.0 (27 10)	-13.0 (01 F5)

The diagram illustrates the internal architecture of an Integrated transceiver chip. The chip contains three main functional blocks: a Safety Control LD Driver, a Micro Controller, and a Limiting Amp LOS Detect. The Safety Control LD Driver is connected to TX_DATA and TX_DATA\ inputs and outputs a Tx signal to a TOSA (Transmitting Optical Sub-Assembly). The Micro Controller is connected to TX_DISABLE, TX_FAULT, RX_LOS, SDA, SCL, and MOD_AES signals and is bidirectionally connected to both the Safety Control LD Driver and the Limiting Amp LOS Detect. The Limiting Amp LOS Detect is connected to RX_DATA and RX_DATA\ inputs and outputs an Rx signal to an ROSA (Receiving Optical Sub-Assembly).

The transmitter is mainly composed of a laser driver part of the intelligent transceiver chip and a TOSA (light-emitting component), the TOSA includes a 850nm VCSEL laser and a backlight photodetection chip, When the module is working, the input signal is connected to the intelligent transceiver chip, at this time, the laser driver of the intelligent transceiver chip supplies the bias current and the modulation current to the laser. The intelligent transceiver chip simultaneously uses an automatic optical power control (APC) feedback loop to maintain a constant average optical power of the laser output. The purpose is to eliminate the change of the output optical signal due to temperature changes and aging of the light source device. When the transmitter enable pin (TX_Disable) is high (TTL logic “1”), the laser output is turned off. When TX_Disable is low (TTL logic “0”), the laser will turn on within 1ms. When the transmitter fault signal (TX_Fault) is reported as high, indicates a transmitter failure caused by the transmitter’s bias current or transmitted optical power or laser tube temperature exceeding a preset alarm threshold. Low indicates normal operation.

The receiver is mainly composed of a limiting amplifier part of the intelligent transceiver chip and a ROSA (light-receiving component), the ROSA includes a PIN photodetector and a transimpedance amplifier chip. When the ROSA detects the incident light signal, it will be converted into a photo-generated current by the PIN photodetector. The photo-generated current is converted into an electrical signal after passing through the transimpedance amplifier. The electrical signal is further amplified by the limiting amplifier of the intelligent transceiver chip, then outputs a fixed-amplitude electrical signal to the host. When the amplitude of the electrical signal received from the incident light conversion of the opposite optical transceiver module is lower than the set threshold, the module reports that the received signal is lost, the RX_LOS pin is high (logic "1"), which can be used to diagnose whether the physical signal is normal. The signal is operated in TTL level. The microprocessor inside the module monitors the module's operating voltage, temperature, transmitted optical power, received optical power, and laser bias current value in real time. The host acquires this information over a 2-wire serial bus.

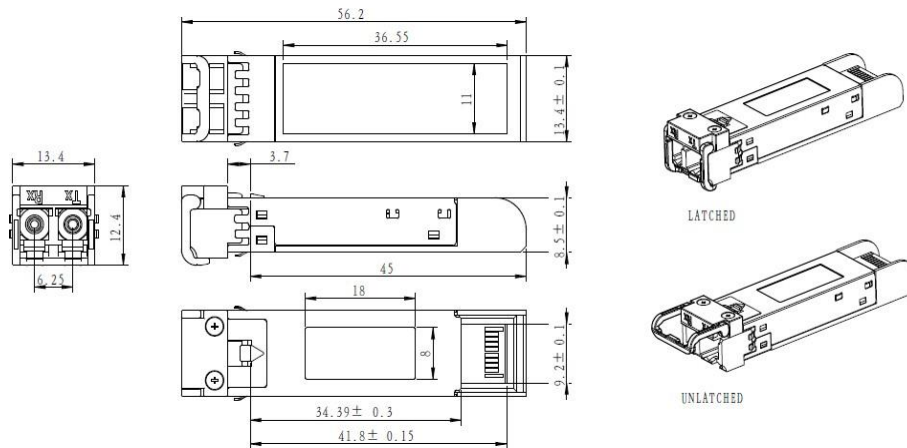
After the module is powered on, the read value of the security level access registers 7BH ~ 7EH of A2H is replaced with 0x00. After the content of this group of registers is updated, the read value is the last written value. The security level 1 password of this module is 0x00001011. The method to enter the security level 1 working state is to convert and write the security level 1 password in the A2H 7BH ~ 7EH registers of the module, namely 0x00, 0x00, 0x10, 0x11. After entering the security level 1 working state, the user can directly write to the content of the A0H device address, or modify the content of the A2H 7FH table selection register to write to the contents of Table 00 or Table 01. And this version of the module does not support users to modify the security level 1 password.

Product Weight

Net weight of module : 15.7g/pcs

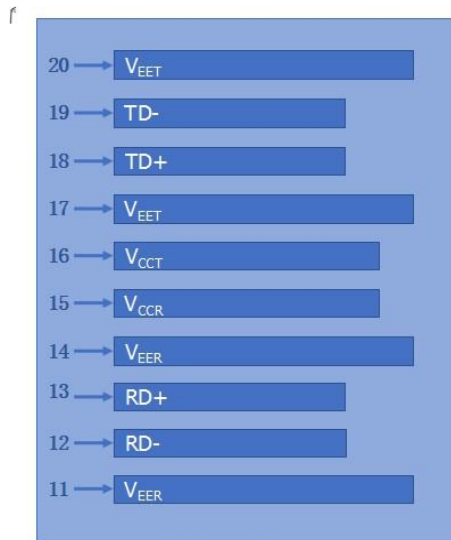
Net weight of dust cap: 0.95g/pcs

Dimensions

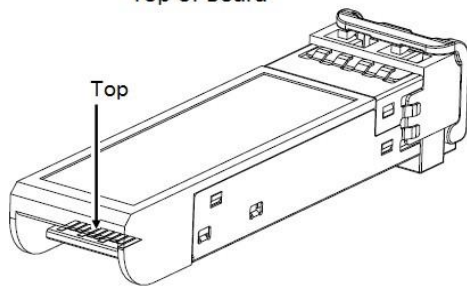


ALL DIMENSIONS ARE $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$ UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
UNIT: mm

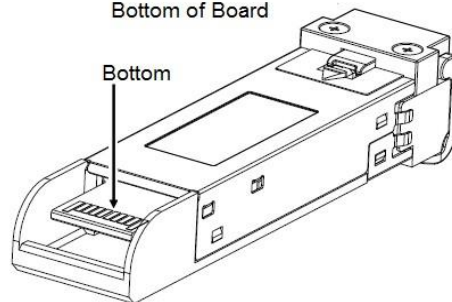
Electrical Pad Layout



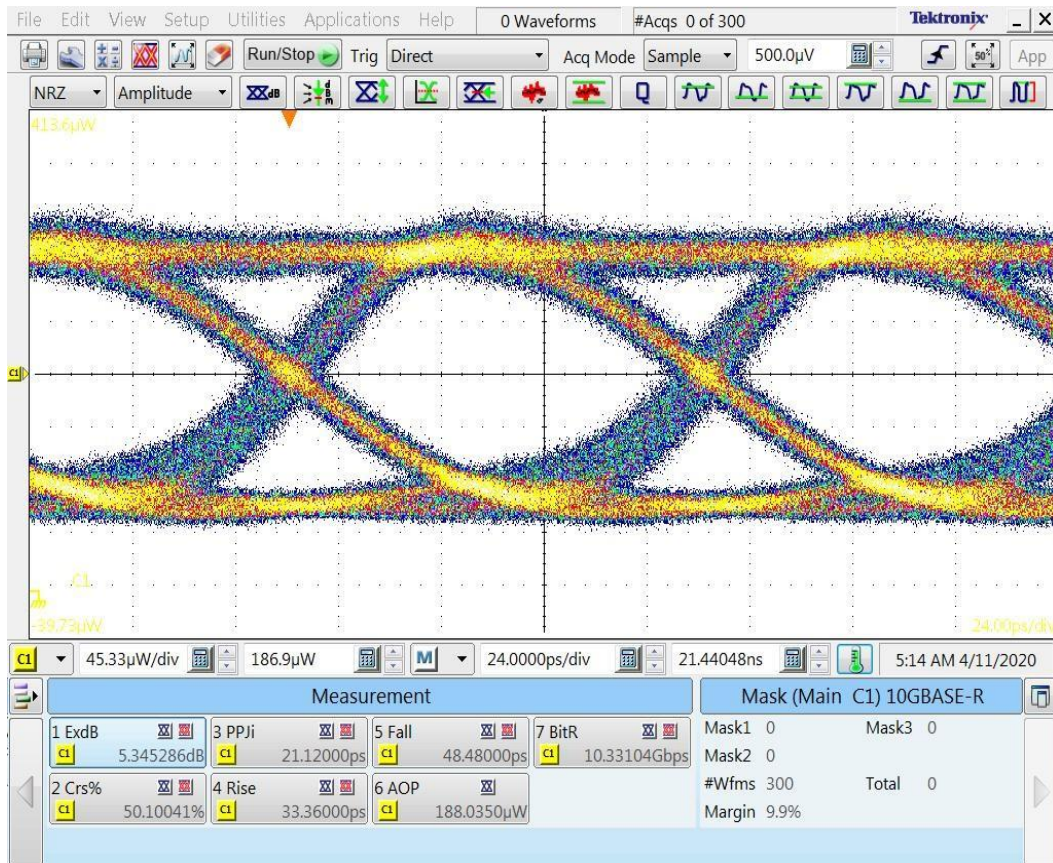
Top of Board



Bottom of Board



Typical Eye Diagram



Pin Assignment

PIN #	Symbol	Description	Remarks
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	1
2	TX_FAULT	Transmitter Fault	
3	TX_DISABLE	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open	2
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	3
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	3
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	3
7	RS0	No connection required	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation	4
9	RS1	No connection required	1
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	1
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC coupled	
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver power supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter power supply	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC coupled	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC coupled	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	1

Notes:

1. Circuit ground is isolated from chassis ground
2. Disabled: T_{DIS}>2V or open, Enabled: T_{DIS}<0.8V
3. Should Be pulled up with 4.7k - 10k ohm on host board to a voltage between 2V and 3.6V
4. LOS is open collector output